$A\Pi OKA\Lambda Y\Psi I\Sigma I\Omega ANNOY 18$ f35

JOHN'S REVELATION 18 NLET

A HEAVENLY MESSENGER ANNOUNCES THE FALL OF BABYLON THE GREAT AND THE REASONS FOR IT

1 And, 7 after these things I saw another messenger,

- > One who was coming down from out of the Heaven,
- ➤ One who was having authority great *authority*!

 And, the Earth was illuminated by the Glory *that was* His.

 2 And, He shouted with a forceful sound, saying, "She has fallen!

 Babylon the Great has fallen!

She became

- a dwelling place of demons. and
- > a post for every spirit unclean *ones, that is*, and
- a post for every bird unclean *ones, that is*, and
- ➤ a post for every beast unclean *ones, that is* and ones which have been lastingly hated.

3 Because,

- ➢ from the passion for the wine⁸ of sexual immorality that is hers all the ethnicities have lastingly become drunk, and
- ➤ the masters that is, the masters of the Earth have committed sexual immorality with her, and
- the merchants of the Earth have become rich from the power of the wantonness from her."

JOHN HEARS A DIVINE VOICE COMMANDING HIS PEOPLE
TO COME OUT OF HER AND THE REASONS FOR IT

- 4 And, I heard another sound from out of the Heaven, saying, "Come out
- from her, the people who are Mine,⁹ in order that you might not participate together with the moral failures that are hers, and
- from the Blows against her, in order that you might not receive them.

¹ Καὶ¹ μετὰ ταῦτα εἶδον ἄλλον ἄγγελον καταβαίνοντα ἐκ τοῦ Οὐρανοῦ, ἔχοντα ἐξουσίαν μεγάλην.
Καὶ ἡ Γῆ ἐφωτίσθη ἐκ τῆς Δόξης αὐτοῦ.
² Καὶ ἔκραξεν ἐν ἰσχυρῷ φωνῆ λέγων· Ἔπεσεν, ἔπεσεν Βαβυλὼν ἡ Μεγάλη.
Καὶ ἐγένετο

κατοικητήριον δαιμόνων² καὶ φυλακὴ παντὸς πνεύματος ἀκαθάρτου καὶ φυλακὴ παντὸς ὀρνέου ἀκαθάρτου καὶ φυλακὴ παντὸς θηρίου ἀκαθάρτου καὶ μεμισημένου.

3 "Ότι

ἐκ τοῦ θυμοῦ τοῦ οἴνου³ τῆς πορνείας αὐτῆς πέπωκεν⁴ πάντα τὰ ἔθνη, καὶ οἱ βασιλεῖς τῆς Γῆς μετ' αὐτῆς ἐπόρνευσαν, καὶ οἱ ἔμποροι τῆς Γῆς ἐκ τῆς δυνάμεως τοῦ στρήνους αὐτῆς ἐπλούτησαν.

⁴ Καὶ ἤκουσα ἄλλην φωνὴν ἐκ τοῦ Οὐρανοῦ λέγουσαν· Ἐξέλθετε⁵ ἐξ αὐτῆς, ὁ λαός μου⁶, ἵνα μὴ συγκοινωνήσητε ταῖς ἁμαρτίαις αὐτῆς, καὶ

έκ τῶν πληγῶν αὐτῆς ἵνα μὴ λάβητε.

 $^{^{1}}$ f35 include the conjunction $K\alpha$ \hat{i} here. The NU omits it.

 $^{^2}$ f35 has the spelling δαιμόνων here. The NU has δαιμόνιων.

 $^{^3}$ f35 has the word order τοῦ θυμοῦ τοῦ οἴνου here. The NU has τοῦ οἴνου τοῦ θυμοῦ.

 $^{^4}$ f35 has the spelling πέπωκεν here. The NU has πέπωκαν.

 $^{^5}$ f35 has Ἐξέλθετε (a first aorist spelling) here. The NU has Ἐξέλθατε (a second aorist spelling).

⁶ f35 has the word order ἐξ αὐτῆς, ὁ λαός μου here. The NU has ὁ λαός μου, ἐξ αὐτῆς.

⁷ f35 include the conjunction 'And,' here. The NU omits it.

⁸ f35 has 'the passion for the wine' here. The NU has 'the wine of the passion'.

⁹ f35 has the word order 'from her, the people who are Mine,' here. The NU has 'the people who are Mine, from her,'.

⁵ Ότι

ἐκολλήθησαν αὐτῆς αἱ ἁμαρτίαι ἄχρι τοῦ Οὐρανοῦ, καὶ ἐμνημόνευσεν αὐτῆς¹⁰ ὁ Θεὸς τὰ ἀδικήματα αὐτῆς.

⁶ Ἀπόδοτε αὐτῆ ὡς καὶ αὐτὴ ἀπέδωκεν ὑμίν¹¹.
Καὶ διπλώσατε αὐτῆ¹² διπλᾶ κατὰ τὰ ἔργα αὐτῆς.

Έν τῷ ποτηρίῳ ῷ ἐκέρασεν κεράσατε αὐτῆ διπλοῦν·

 7 Όσα ἐδόξασεν **έαὐτὴν** 13 καὶ ἐστρηνίασεν, τοσοῦτον δότε αὐτῆ βασανισμὸν 14 .

Ότι ἐν τῇ καρδία αὐτῆς λέγει ὅτι Κάθημαι βασίλισσα, καὶ

Χήρα οὐκ εἰμί, καὶ

Πένθος οὐ μὴ ἴδω.

 8 Διὰ τοῦτο ἐν μιᾳ ἡμέρᾳ ἥξουσιν αἱ πληγαὶ αὐτῆς,

θάνατος καὶ

πένθος καὶ

λιμός.

Καὶ ἐν πυρὶ κατακαυθήσεται· ὅτι ἰσχυρὸς Κύριος,

ό Θεὸς,

ὁ κρίνας αὐτήν.

5 Because,

- the moral failures that are hers have piled up to the Heaven, and
- ➤ the God has remembered her¹⁵ and the unrighteous deeds that are hers."

THE PEOPLE WHO ARE THE GOD'S ASK HIM TO RENDER

TO BABYLON THE GREAT FITTING PUNISHMENT FOR HER DEEDS
6 "Render to her, as also she has rendered to us¹⁶!

And, repay her¹⁷ fitting *punishment*¹⁸ in accord with the deeds *that are* hers!

In connection with the cup which she mixed *for us* mix double for her!

7 Inasmuch as she deemed herself ¹⁹ *important* and lived wantonly, to the same degree give her torture ²⁰!

Because, in the heart that is hers she says,

- 'I sit as a queen!' and
- > 'I am NOT a widow!' and
- 'I should by no means see grief!'
 8 For this reason in one hour the Blows that are hers –
- death and
- grief and
- > famine -

shall come.

And, with fire she shall be burned up completely. Because,

- ➤ YaHWeH²¹,
- > the God,
- the One Who judged her,

is STRONG!

 $^{^{10}}$ f35 includes the possessive pronoun $\alpha \dot{v} \tau \tilde{\eta} \varsigma$ here. The NU omits it.

¹¹ f35 include the dative pronoun ὑμίν here. The NU omits it.

¹² f35 has αὐτῆ here. The NU has τὰ.

¹³ f35 has $\dot{\epsilon}$ αὑτὴν (a reflexive pronoun) here. The NU has αὐτῆν (a personal pronoun).

¹⁴ f35 does not include the words καὶ πένθος here. The NU includes them.

¹⁵ f35 includes the possessive pronoun 'her' here. The NU omits it.

¹⁶ f35 includes the dative pronoun translated as 'to us' here. The NU omits it.

¹⁷ f35 has 'her' here. The NU has 'the (things)'.

¹⁸ The Greek text literally has 'render double for double.' In other words, if the ungodly give double trouble to God's people, they should receive double punishment.

¹⁹ f35 has 'herself' (a reflexive pronoun) here. The NU has 'her' (a personal pronoun).

²⁰ f35 does not include the words 'and mourning' here. The NU includes them. ²¹ 'YaHWeH' – The Greek has the word 'Lord' (Κύριος) without a definite article here. John and other New Testament writers often use this unarticulated word to indicate a reference to YaHWeH, the eternally existing God of the Old Testament. This is especially clear in New Testament quotations from the Old Testament where the name YaHWeH appears.

⁹ Καὶ κλαύσουσιν καὶ κόψονται ἐπ' αὐτὴν οἱ βασιλεῖς τῆς γῆς οἱ μετ' αὐτῆς πορνεύσαντες καὶ στρηνιάσαντες, ὅταν βλέπωσιν τὸν καπνὸν τῆς πυρώσεως αὐτῆς.

10 Απὸ μακρόθεν έστηκότες διὰ τὸν φόβον τοῦ βασανισμοῦ αὐτῆς λέγοντες· Οὐαὶ. Οὐαί.

ἡ Πόλις ἡ Μεγάλη.

Βαβυλών.

ή Πόλις ή Ίσχυρά.

Ότι μιᾳ ὥρᾳ ἦλθεν ἡ κρίσις σου.

¹¹ Καὶ οἱ ἔμποροι τῆς Γῆς κλαίουσιν καὶ πενθοῦσιν ἐπ' αὐτῆ²². Ότι τὸν γόμον αὐτῶν οὐδεὶς ἀγοράζει οὐκέτι, ¹² γόμον χρυσοῦ καὶ

άργύρου καὶ

λίθου τιμίου καὶ

μαργαρίτου²³ καὶ

 $\mathbf{βυσσο\tilde{v}}^{24}$ καὶ

πορφυροῦ 25 καὶ

σηρικο $\tilde{\mathbf{v}}^{26}$ καὶ

κοκκίνου, καὶ

πᾶν ξύλον θύϊνον καὶ

πᾶν σκεῦος ἐλεφάντινον καὶ

πᾶν σκεῦος ἐκ

ξύλου τιμιωτάτου καὶ

χαλκοῦ καὶ

σιδήρου καὶ

μαρμάρου,

GOD'S PEOPLE DESCRIBE THE REACTION OF THE MASTERS OF THE EARTH AND THE MERCHANTS OF THE EARTH TO HER FALL

- 9 And, the Masters of the Earth the ones
- who committed sexual immorality with her and
- who lived wantonly –

shall lament and shall beat themselves over her whenever they might be seeing the smoke from the burning of her.

10 Having lastingly stood at a long distance away because of the fear of the torture *that was* hers, they keep on saying, "Woe! Woe!

- ➤ The City that is, the Great City!
- Babylon!
- The City that is, the Strong City!

Because, in one hour the condemnation of you has come!"

11 And, the merchants of the Earth are weeping and lamenting over her. Because, no one is any longer buying the cargo *that is* theirs *in the market* - 12 cargo *consisting*

- of gold, and
- > of silver, and
- ➤ of stone that is, precious stone, and
- of pearl²⁷, and
- > of fine linen²⁸, and
- > of purple cloth, and
- of silk, and
- > of scarlet cloth, and
- > of every wood of a tree, and
- of every kind of ivory, and
- > of every vessel *or implement* from
 - wood that is, valuable wood, and
 - copper, and
 - iron, and
 - marble,

 $^{^{22}}$ f35 has αὐτῆ (a dative pronoun) here. The NU has αὐτῆν (an accusative pronoun).

 $^{^{23}}$ f35 has μαργαρίτου here. The NU has μαργαριτῶν.

 $^{^{24}}$ f35 has βυσσοῦ (a noun) here. The NU has βυσσίνου (an adjective).

 $^{^{25}}$ f35 has πορφυροῦ (a genitive, masculine or neuter noun) here. The NU has πορφύρας (a genitive, feminine noun).

²⁶ f35 has σηρικοῦ here. The NU has the variant spelling σιρικοῦ.

¹³ καὶ

²⁷ f35 has 'pearl' here. The NU has 'pearls'.

²⁸ f35 has 'fine linen' (a noun) here. The NU has 'a linen thing' (an adjective).

71

κινάμωμον^{29 30} καὶ

θυμιάματα καὶ

μύρον καὶ

λίβανον καὶ

οἶνον καὶ

ἔλαιον καὶ

σεμίδαλιν καὶ

σῖτον καὶ

κτήνη καὶ

πρόβατα, καὶ

ἵππων καὶ

ραιδων³¹ καὶ

σωμάτων, καὶ

ψυχὰς ἀνθρώπων.

¹⁴ Καὶ ἡ ὀπώρα τῆς ἐπιθυμίας τῆς ψυχῆς σοῦ³² ἀπῆλθεν ἀπὸ σοῦ. Καὶ πάντα τὰ λιπαρὰ καὶ τὰ λαμπρὰ ἀπώλοντο³³ ἀπὸ σοῦ. Καὶ οὐκέτι οὐ μὴ εὑρήσεις αὐτὰ³⁴.

13 and cargo of

- > cinnamon, 35 and
- > incense, and
- > perfume, and
- > frankincense, and
- wine, and
- > olive oil, and
- fine wheat flour, and
- > grain, and
- > herds of cattle, and
- flocks of sheep,

and cargo

- > of horses, and
- > of carriages, and
- > of bodies, and
- > cargo which is lives of people."

GOD'S PEOPLE DECLARE

TO FALLEN BABYLON THE GREAT HER FUTURE CONDITION

14 "And, the time of life's ripeness³⁶ which is the desire of the psyche that is yours³⁷ has departed from you. And, all the luxurious and splendid things have gone to ruin³⁸, away from you. And, no longer shall you by any means find them³⁹."

²⁹ f35 has the spelling κινάμωμον here. The NU has κιννάμωμον.

³⁰ f35 does not include the words καὶ ἄμωμον here. The NU includes them.

 $^{^{31}}$ f35 has $\dot{\rho}\alpha \imath \delta \tilde{\omega} v$ here. The NU has a variant spelling $\dot{\rho} \epsilon \delta \tilde{\omega} v$.

 $^{^{32}}$ f35 has the word order τῆς ἐπιθυμίας τῆς ψυχῆς σοῦ here. The NU has σου τῆς ἐπιθυμίας τῆς ψυχῆς.

³³ f35 has ἀπώλοντο (a plural verb) here. The NU has ἀπώλετο (a singular verb).

³⁴ f35 has εὑρήσεις αὐτὰ (with a second person singular verb) here. The NU has αὐτὰ εὑρήσουσιν (with a second person plural verb).

³⁵ f35 does not include the words 'and spice' here. The NU includes them.

³⁶ 'time of life's ripeness' – The Greek word used here refers to the latter part of summer and the fall, the time when people typically gather the produce of their fields, gardens, and orchards.

³⁷ f35 has 'which is the desire of the psyche that is yours' here. The NU has 'that is yours which is the desire of the psyche'.

³⁸ f35 has 'have gone to ruin' (a plural verb) here. The NU has 'has gone to ruin' (a singular verb). The subject is plural.

³⁹ f35 has 'shall you' (singular) ... find them' here. The NU has 'them shall you (plural) ... find them'.

15 Οἱ ἔμποροι τούτων, οἱ πλουτήσαντες ἀπ' αὐτῆς, ἀπὸ μακρόθεν στήσονται διὰ τὸν φόβον τοῦ βασανισμοῦ αὐτῆς κλαίοντες καὶ πενθοῦντες, 16 καὶ 40 λέγοντες· Οὐαὶ. Οὐαί. ἡ πόλις ἡ μεγάλη, ἡ περιβεβλημένη βύσσινον καὶ πορφυροῦν καὶ κόκκινον καὶ

κεχρυσωμένη έν

χρύσφ καὶ

λίθφ τιμίφ καὶ

μαργαρίταις⁴¹,

 17 Ότι μιᾳ ὅρᾳ ἠρημώθη ὁ τοσοῦτος πλοῦτος.

Kαì

πᾶς κυβερνήτης καὶ πᾶς ὁ ἐπὶ τῶν πλοῖων⁴² πλέων, καὶ ναῦται καὶ ὅσοι τὴν θάλασσαν ἐργάζονται, ἀπὸ μακρόθεν ἔστησαν.

¹⁸ Καὶ ἔκραζον βλέποντες τὸν καπνὸν τῆς πυρώσεως αὐτῆς λέγοντες· Τίς ὁμοία τῆ Πόλει τῆ Μεγάλη;

 $^{19}\,\mathrm{Kai}$ ἔβαλον χοῦν ἐπὶ τὰς κεφαλὰς αὐτῶν.

Καὶ ἔκραζον⁴³ κλαίοντες καὶ

πενθοῦντες **καὶ**⁴⁴

λέγοντες· Οὐαὶ. Οὐαί. ἡ πόλις ἡ μεγάλη, ἐν ἦ ἐπλούτησαν πάντες οἱ ἔχοντες τὰ πλοῖα ἐν τῆ θαλάσση ἐκ τῆς τιμιότητος αὐτῆς. ὅτι μιᾳ ὥρᾳ ἠρημώθη.

15 The merchants of these things, the ones who became rich from her, shall stand at a distance on account of the fearfulness of the torture *that is* hers, lamenting, and mourning, 16 and 45 saying, "Woe! Woe! The city –

- ➤ the great *city*,
- > the one having been lastingly wrapped around with
 - fine linen, and
 - purple cloth, and
 - scarlet cloth, and
- > one having been lastingly gilded with
 - gold and
 - stone precious stone and
 - pearls⁴⁶!

17 Because, in one hour the wealth – such great wealth – has been stripped away!"

And.

- every steersman, and
- everyone who travels by sea on the ships⁴⁷, and
- > seamen, and
- > such as earn a livelihood by working the Sea stood at a distance.

18 And, they were crying out, seeing the smoke of the destruction by fire that was hers, saying, "What is similar to the City – that is, the Great City?"

19 And, they threw dust on the heads *that were* theirs. And they were crying out⁴⁸,

- > lamenting, and
- > mourning, and⁴⁹
- ➤ saying, "Woe! Woe! The City the Great City in connection with which all of the ones having the ships in the Sea were enriched from the wealthiness that was hers!

Because, in one hour she has been stripped bare!"

 $^{^{40}}$ f35 include the conjunction $\kappa\alpha\lambda$ here. The NU omits it

⁴¹ f35 has μαργαρίταις (a plural noun) here. The NU has μαργαρίτη (a singular noun).

 $^{^{42}}$ f35 has ἐπὶ τῶν πλοῖων here. The NU has the variant ἐπὶ τόπον.

⁴³ f35 has ἔκραζον (an imperfect verb) here. The NU has ἔκραζαν (an aorist verb).

 $^{^{44}}$ f35 include the conjunction $\kappa\alpha \grave{\imath}$ here. The NU omits it.

⁴⁵ f35 include the conjunction 'and' here. The NU omits it.

⁴⁶ f35 has 'pearls' (a plural noun) here. The NU has 'a pearl' (a singular noun).

⁴⁷ f35 has 'on the ships' here. The NU has 'to a place'.

⁴⁸ f35 has 'they were crying out' (an imperfect verb) here. The NU has 'they cried out' (an aorist verb).

⁴⁹ f35 include the conjunction 'and' here. The NU omits it.

GOD'S PEOPLE COMMAND HEAVEN AND GOD'S PEOPLE TO REJOICE IN
REFERENCE TO THE GREAT CITY

20 "Be gladdened in reference to her,

- Heaven, and
- > the Holy Ones, and
- the Apostles, and
- the Prophets!

Because, the God decided in favor of the judgement *that was* yours *as to what to take* from her!"

JOHN SEES

A VIVIDLY PICTURE OF THE SUDDENNESS OF THE FALL OF BABYLON, DESCRIBES HOW ORDINARY HUMAN ACTIVITY WILL CEASE,

AND GIVES THE REASON FOR IT

21 And, one *heavenly* messenger – *that is,* a strong *one* – lifted a stone similar to a millstone 52 – *that is,* a great *one*. And, he threw *it* into the Sea, saying, " 53 With suddenness Babylon, the great city, shall be *over*thrown!

And, she should by no means be any longer found.

- 22 And, a sound
- > of citharists, and
- of musicians, and
- > of flautists, and
- > of trumpeters

should by no means be heard in you any longer.

And, every craftsman of every craft should by no means be found in you any longer.

And, a sound from a mill should by no means be heard in you any longer.

θάλασσαν λέγων· 51 δρμήματι βληθήσεται

ὅτι ἔκρινεν ὁ Θεὸς τὸ κρίμα ὑμῶν ἐξ αὐτῆς.

Καὶ οὐ μὴ εὑρεθῆ ἔτι.

Βαβυλών ή μεγάλη πόλις.

²⁰ Εὐφραίνου ἐπ' αὐτῆ,

οὐρανέ, καὶ

οί ἄγιοι καὶ

οί προφήται,

οί ἀπόστολοι καὶ

22 Καὶ φωνή

κιθαρφδῶν καὶ

μουσικῶν καὶ

αὐλητῶν καὶ

σαλπιστῶν

ού μὴ ἀκουσθῆ ἐν σοὶ ἔτι.

Καὶ πᾶς τεχνίτης πάσης τέχνης οὐ μὴ εύρεθῆ ἐν σοὶ ἔτι.

Καὶ φωνή μύλου οὐ μὴ ἀκουσθῆ ἐν σοὶ ἔτι.

²¹ Καὶ ἦρεν εἶς ἄγγελος ἰσχυρὸς λίθον ὡς μύλον⁵⁰ μέγαν. Καὶ ἔβαλεν εἰς τὴν

⁵⁰ f35 has μύλον (a noun) here. The NU has μύλινον (an adjective).

 $^{^{51}}$ f35 does not include the adverb $O\~v τως$ here. The NU includes it.

⁵² f35 has 'millstone' (a noun) here. The NU has '(a thing) made of millstone' (an adjective).

⁵³ f35 does not include the adverb translated as 'In this way' here. The NU includes it.

²³ Καὶ φῶς λύχνου οὐ μὴ φάνῃ ἐν σοὶ ἔτι.
Καὶ φωνὴ νυμφίου καὶ νύμφης οὐ μὴ ἀκουσθῆ ἐν σοὶ ἔτι.

Ότι οἱ ἔμποροί σου ἦσαν οἱ μεγιστᾶνες τῆς Γῆς.

Ότι ἐν τῆ φαρμακεία σου ἐπλανήθησαν πάντα τὰ Ἐθνη. ²⁴ Καὶ ἐν αὐτῆ αἵματα⁵⁴ προφητῶν καὶ ἁγίων εὑρέθη καὶ πάντων τῶν ἐσφαγμένων ἐπὶ τῆς Γῆς.

23 And, a light of a lamp should not shine in you any longer.

And, a voice of a bridegroom and a bride should not be heard in you any longer.

Because, the merchants *that are* yours are the great men of the Earth.

Because, in connection with the drug-related sorcery *that is* yours all the Ethnicities have been led astray. *24* And, bloodsheds⁵⁵ of prophets and of holy ones were found in her – and *also blood* of all of the ones who have been lastingly slaughtered upon the Earth!

 $^{^{54}}$ f35 has αἵματα (a plural noun) here. The NU has αἷμα (a singular noun).

⁵⁵ f35 has 'bloodsheds' (a plural noun) here. The NU has 'blood' (a singular noun).