KATA MAPKON 8 f35

- ¹ Έν ἐκείναις ταῖς ἡμέραις παμπόλλου ὅχλου ὅχλου ὅχτος καὶ μὴ ἐχόντων τί φάγωσιν, προσκαλεσάμενος ὁ Ἰησοῦς τοὺς μαθητὰς αὐτοῦ λέγει αὐτοῖς· ² Σπλαγχνίζομαι ἐπὶ τὸν ὅχλον. Ὅτι ἤδη ἡμέρας τρεῖς προσμένουσίν μοι. Καὶ οὐκ ἔχουσιν τί φάγωσιν· ³ Καὶ ἐὰν ἀπολύσω αὐτοὺς νήστις¹ εἰς οἶκον αὐτῶν, ἐκλυθήσονται ἐν τῆ ὁδῷ. Τινὲς γὰρ αὐτῶν μακρόθεν ἤκουσιν.
- 4 Καὶ ἀπεκρίθησαν αὐτῷ οἱ μαθηταὶ αὐτοῦ Πόθεν τούτους δυνήσεταί τις ὧδε χορτάσαι ἄρτων ἐπ' ἐρημίας;
- ⁵ Καὶ ἐπηρώτα αὐτούς· Πόσους ἔχετε ἄρτους;

Οἱ δὲ εἶπον². Έπτά.

6 Καὶ παραγγέλει τῷ ὅχλῷ ἀναπεσεῖν ἐπὶ τῆς γῆς. Καὶ λαβὼν τοὺς ἐπτὰ ἄρτους καὶ εὐχαριστήσας ἔκλασεν. Καὶ ἐδίδου τοῖς μαθηταῖς αὐτοῦ ἵνα παραθῶσιν. Καὶ παρέθηκαν τῷ ὅχλῷ.

CHAPTER 8 NLET

JESUS FEEDS THE FOUR THOUSAND WITH FOOD

1 In those days, the throng being great³ and not having anything that they might eat, the Jesus⁴, having called the disciples that were His⁵ to Himself, says to them, 2 "I am moved deeply inside with compassion for the throng! Because, already they have now remained with Me for days – indeed, three of them! And, they do not have anything that they might eat. 3 And, if ever I send them away with fasting⁶ to a house that is theirs, they will become exhausted on the way. For⁷, some of them⁸ are present⁹ from afar."

4 And, the disciples *that were* His to Him responded, "From where is anyone able to fill THESE¹⁰ with bread here in the wilderness?"

5 And, He was putting the question to¹¹ them, "How many loaves of flat-bread do you have?"

Now, the disciples were saying 12, "Seven."

6 And, He commanded ¹³ the throng to recline on the ground. And, having taken the seven *loaves of flat-*bread and ¹⁴ having given thanks, He broke *them*. And, He was giving *them* to the disciples *that were* His in order that they might set ¹⁵ *them* out before *them*. And, they set *them* out before the throng.

³ 90.7% of the Greek manuscripts, including the best line of transmission (f35), have 'great' (using an unusual Greek word for 'great') here instead of 'again great' (using a usual Greek word for 'great').

⁴ 90% of the Greek manuscripts, including the best line of transmission (f35), include the words 'the Jesus' here.

 ^{98%} of the Greek manuscripts, including the best line of transmission (f35), include the word that is translated as 'that were His' here.
 30% of the Greek manuscripts, including the best line of transmission (f35),

have 'with fasting' (dative) instead of 'fasting' (accusative).

7 97% of the Greek manuscripts, including the best line of transmission (f35), have 'For' instead of 'And'.

^{8 95%} of the Greek manuscripts, including the best line of transmission (f35), have 'of them' instead of 'of them from' (which would duplicate the 'from' already in the adverb that follows).

^{9 85%} of the Greek manuscripts, including the best line of transmission (f35), have 'are present' (present tense) instead of 'have lastingly been present' (perfect tense).

¹⁰ 'THESE' - Words in UPPERCASE LETTERS are emphasized in the Greek text by their placement in the sentence. This word actually comes at the beginning of this sentence.

 ^{98%} of the Greek manuscripts, including the best line of transmission (f35), have 'He was putting the question to' instead of 'He was asking'. These verbs are cognates and have a similar meaning.
 99% of the Greek manuscripts, including the best line of transmission (f35),

¹² 99% of the Greek manuscripts, including the best line of transmission (f35) have 'were saying' instead of 'they said'.

¹³ 99% of the Greek manuscripts, including the best line of transmission (f35), have 'commanded' instead of 'commands'.

 ^{40%} of the Greek manuscripts, including the best line of transmission (f35), include the word 'and' here.
 96% of the Greek manuscripts, including the best line of transmission (f35),

^{199%} of the Greek manuscripts, including the best line of transmission (135 have 'might set' here instead of 'might be setting'.

 $^{^1}$ 30% of the Greek manuscripts, including the best line of transmission (f35), have the spelling $v\dot{\eta}\sigma\tau\iota\varsigma$ here instead of $v\dot{\eta}\sigma\tau\iota\varsigma$.

 $^{^2}$ 99% of the Greek manuscripts, including the best line of transmission (f35), have the spelling $\tilde{\epsilon u}$ nov here instead of $\tilde{\epsilon l}\pi \alpha v$.

- ⁷ Καὶ εἶχον ἰχθύδια ὀλίγα. Καὶ εὐλογήσας εἶπεν παραθεῖναι καὶ αὐτά¹⁶.
- 8 Έφαγον δέ. Καὶ έχορτάσθησαν. Καὶ ἦραν περισσεύματα κλασμάτων ἑπτὰ σπυρίδας.
- ^{9 *}Ησαν δὲ **οἱ φαγόντες** ὡς τετρακισχίλιοι. Καὶ ἀπέλυσεν αὐτούς.
- 10 Καὶ εὐθέως 17 ἐμβὰς εἰς τὸ πλοῖον μετὰ τῶν μαθητῶν αὐτοῦ ἦλθεν εἰς τὰ μέρη Δαλμανουθά.
- 11 Καὶ ἐξῆλθον οἱ Φαρισαῖοι. Καὶ ἤρξαντο συζητεῖν αὐτῷ, ζητοῦντες παρ' αὐτοῦ σημεῖον ἀπὸ τοῦ Οὐρανοῦ, πειράζοντες αὐτόν.
- 12 Καὶ ἀναστενάξας τῷ πνεύματι αὐτοῦ λέγει· Τί ή γενεὰ αὕτη σημεῖον ἐπιζητεῖ¹⁸; Άμὴν λέγω ὑμῖν, εἰ δοθήσεται τῆ γενεᾶ ταύτη σημεῖον.
- 13 Καὶ ἀφεὶς αὐτοὺς ἐμβὰς πάλιν εἰς πλοῖον ἀπῆλθεν εἰς τὸ πέραν.
- 14 Καὶ ἐπελάθοντο οἱ μαθηταὶ αὐτοῦ λαβεῖν ἄρτους. Καὶ εἰ μὴ ἕνα ἄρτον οὐκ εἶχον μεθ' έαυτῶν ἐν τῷ πλοίῳ.
- 15 Καὶ διεστέλλετο αὐτοῖς λέγων· Ὁρᾶτε. Βλέπετε ἀπὸ τῆς ζύμης τῶν Φαρισαίων καὶ τῆς ζύμης Ἡρώδου.
- ¹⁶ Καὶ διελογίζοντο πρὸς ἀλλήλους λέγοντες **ὅτι ἄρτους οὐκ ἔχομεν**.

- 7 And, they were having a few small fish. And, having blessed them, He said to set them¹⁹ also before them.
- 8 Now,²⁰ they ate. And, they were filled.
- And, they took up what was left over of broken pieces seven large baskets!
- 9 Now, the ones who had eaten²¹ were about four thousand. And He sent them away,
 - JESUS GOES TO THE DISTRICT OF DALMANUTHA
- 10 And, immediately, having embarked into the boat with the disciples that were His, He came to the parts of Dalmanutha.
 - JESUS REFUSES TO GIVE THE PHARISEES A SIGN
- 11 And, the Pharisees came out. And they began to dispute with Him, seeking from Him a sign from the Heaven, testing Him.
- 12 And, having sighed deeply in the spirit that was His, He says, "Why is the generation - namely this generation - seeking after22 a sign? Assuredly, I say to you, if a sign shall be given to the generation - namely this generation, . . ."
- 13 And, having left them, having again embarked²³ into a boat²⁴, He departed to the other side
 - JESUS QUESTIONS HIS DISCIPLES ON THE WAY TO BETHSAIDA
- 14 And, the disciples that were His25 forgot to take loaves of flat-bread. And, they did not have more than one loaf of flat-bread with themselves in the boat.
- 15 And, He was charging them, saying, "Look out! Watch out for the leaven of the Pharisees and for the leaven of Herod!"
- 16 And, they were reasoning among themselves, ones who were saving 26, "He says this because we do not have 27 loaves of flat-bread."

^{19 80%} of the Greek manuscripts, including the best line of transmission (f35), have 'them' here. On the basis of 0.5% the NU has 'these

²⁰ 97% of the Greek manuscripts, including the best line of transmission (f35), have 'Now,' instead of 'And,'
21 99% of the Greek manuscripts, including the best line of transmission (f35),

include the words 'the ones who had eaten' here instead of 'they'

²² 98% of the Greek manuscripts, including the best line of transmission (f35), have 'seeking after' instead of 'seeking'.

²³ 97% of the Greek manuscripts, including the best line of transmission (f35), have 'having again embarked' instead of 'again having embarked'.

²⁴ 62.1% of the Greek manuscripts, including the best line of transmission (f35), have 'into a boat' here. On the basis of 0.4% the NU omits this prepositiona

phrase. ²⁵ 35% of the Greek manuscripts, including the best line of transmission (f35), include the words 'the disciples that were His' here.

²⁶ 98% of the Greek manuscripts, including the best line of transmission (f35), include the participle translated as 'ones who were saying' here.

27 98% of the Graph manuscripts include:

^{98%} of the Greek manuscripts, including the best line of transmission (f35), have 'we do not have' instead of 'they do not have'.

¹⁶ 80% of the Greek manuscripts, including the best line of transmission (f35), have παραθεῖναι καὶ αὐτά here. On the basis of 0.5% the NU has $\kappa \alpha i \ \tau \alpha \tilde{v} \tau \alpha$ παρατιθέναι. ¹⁷ 90% of the Greek manuscripts, including the best

line of transmission (f35), have the spelling $\varepsilon \mathring{\vartheta} \theta \acute{\epsilon} \omega \varsigma$ here. On the basis of 1% the NU has $\varepsilon \dot{v} \theta \dot{v} \varsigma$. ¹⁸ 98% of the Greek manuscripts, including the best

line of transmission (f35), have σημεῖον ἐπιζητεῖ here instead of ζητεῖ σημεῖον.

¹⁷ Καὶ γνοὺς **ὁ Ἰησοῦς** λέγει αὐτοῖς· Τί διαλογίζεσθε ὅτι ἄρτους οὐκ ἔχετε;

Οὔπω νοεῖτε οὐδὲ συνίετε;

- Έτι πεπωρωμένην ἔχετε τὴν καρδίαν ύμῶν;
- ¹⁸ Όφθαλμοὺς ἔχοντες οὐ βλέπετε καὶ ὧτα ἔχοντες οὐκ ἀκούετε; καὶ Ού μνημονεύετε
- 19 ότε τοὺς πέντε ἄρτους ἔκλασα εἰς τοὺς πεντακισχιλίους, πόσους κοφίνους πλήρεις κλασμάτων²⁸ ἤρατε:

λέγουσιν αὐτῶ· Δώδεκα.

 $^{20}\, {}^{\circ}\! \text{Ote} \; \delta\grave{\epsilon}$ τοὺς έπτὰ εἰς τοὺς τετρακισχιλίους, πόσων σπυρίδων πληρώματα κλασμάτων ἥρατε;

Οι δὲ εἶπον²⁹ · Έπτά.

όφθαλμούς αὐτοῦ.

²¹ Καὶ λέγει αὐτοῖς· **Πῶς** Οὔπω συνίετε;

²² Καὶ **ἔρχεται** εἰς Βηθσαϊδάν. Καὶ φέρουσιν αὐτῷ τυφλὸν. Καὶ παρακαλοῦσιν αὐτὸν ἵνα αὐτοῦ ἄψηται. ²³ Καὶ ἐπιλαβόμενος τῆς χειρὸς τοῦ τυφλοῦ ἐξήγαγεν αὐτὸν ἔξω τῆς κώμης. Καὶ πτύσας εἰς τὰ ὄμματα αὐτοῦ, ἐπιθεὶς τὰς Χεῖρας αὐτῷ, ἐπηρώτα αὐτόν· Εἴ τι βλέπει; 24 Καὶ ἀναβλέψας ἔλεγεν Βλέπω τοὺς ἀνθρώπους ὅτι ὡς δένδρα ὁρῶ περιπατοῦντας. ²⁵ Εἶτα πάλιν ἐπέθηκεν τὰς Χεῖρας ἐπὶ τοὺς

17 And, the Jesus³⁰, knowing this, says to them,

- "Why are you reasoning that I say this because you do not have loaves of flat-bread? -
- Do you not yet perceive or understand?
- ➤ Do you still³¹ have the heart that is yours that has been lastingly hardened?
- 18 Having eyes, do you not see? And,
- having ears, do you not hear? And,
- do you not remember?
- 19 When I broke the five loaves of flat-bread for the five thousand, how many baskets full of fragments did you take up?"

They say to Him, "Twelve."

20 "Now,32 when I broke the seven for the four thousand, how many large baskets full of fragments did you take up?"

Now, the disciples said33, "Seven,"

21 And, He says³⁴ to them, "How is it that you do not yet³⁵ understand?!'

JESUS CAUSES A BLIND MAN TO SEE

22 And. He comes³⁶ to Bethsaida.

And, they are bringing to Him a blind man. And, they are begging Him in order that He might touch him.

23 And, having taken the hand of the blind man, He led him out³⁷ away from the village.

And, having spit into the eyes that were his and having laid the Hands on him, He is asking him if he sees anything38.

24 And, having looked up, he was saying, "I see the People, that I perceive as trees who are walking around!"

25 Then, again He laid the Hands upon the eyes that were His.

³⁰ 99.6% of the Greek manuscripts, including the best line of transmission (f35), include the words 'the Jesus' here

^{95%} of the Greek manuscripts, including the best line of transmission (f35), include the word 'still' here.
32 95.9% of the Greek manuscripts, including the best line of transmission (f35),

include the word 'Now,' here. ³³ 98.2% of the Greek manuscripts, including the best line of transmission (f35),

have 'Now, the Disciples said' here instead of 'And, they are saying to Him'. 34 50% of the Greek manuscripts, including the best line of transmission (f35),

have 'He says' here instead of 'He was saying'.

35 40% of the Greek manuscripts, including the best line of transmission (f35), have 'How is it that you do not yet' here, 55% have 'How do you not', and 4% (which the NU follows) have 'Do you not yet'

^{97%} of the Greek manuscripts, including the best line of transmission (f35), have 'He comes' here instead of 'they come'

^{98.8%} of the Greek manuscripts, including the best line of transmission (f35),

have 'led . . . out' here instead if 'carried . . . out'.

38 98.9% of the Greek manuscripts, including the best line of transmission (f35), have 'if he sees anything' here instead if 'Do you see anything?'.

²⁸ 90% of the Greek manuscripts, including the best line of transmission (f35), have πλήρεις κλασμάτων here instead of κλασμάτων πλήρεις.

²⁹ 98.2% of the Greek manuscripts, including the best line of transmission (f35), have οἱ δὲ εἶπον here instead of καὶ λέγουσιν αὐτῷ.

44

Καὶ ἐποίησεν αὐτὸν ἀναβλέψαι. Καὶ άποκατεστάθη. Καὶ ἐνέβλεψεν τηλαυγῶς ἄπαντας.

 26 Καὶ ἀπέστειλεν αὐτὸν εἰς τὸν οἶκον αὐτοῦ λέγων Μηδὲ εἰς τὴν κώμην εἰσέλθης μηδὲ είπης τινὶ ἐν τῆ κώμη.

²⁷ Καὶ ἐξῆλθεν ὁ Ἰησοῦς καὶ οἱ μαθηταὶ αὐτοῦ εἰς τὰς κώμας Καισαρείας τῆς Φιλίππου.

Καὶ ἐν τῇ ὁδῷ ἐπηρώτα τοὺς μαθητὰς αὐτοῦ λέγων αὐτοῖς. Τίνα με λέγουσιν οί Άνθρωποι εἶναι:

²⁸ Οἱ δὲ ἀπεκρίθησαν,

Ίωάννην τὸν βαπτιστήν. Καὶ ἄλλοι

Ήλίαν. Άλλοι δὲ

ἕνα τῶν προφητῶν.

²⁹ Καὶ αὐτὸς **λέγει αὐτοῖς**· Ύμεῖς δὲ τίνα με λέγετε εἶναι;

Αποκριθείς δὲ ὁ Πέτρος λέγει αὐτῷ· Σὰ εἶ ὁ Χριστός.

 $^{30}\,{
m K}$ αὶ ἐπετίμησεν αὐτοῖς ἵνα μηδενὶ λέγωσιν περὶ αὐτοῦ.

And, He made him to look up³⁹. And, he was restored⁴⁰. And, he looked at⁴¹ everything with clarity.

26 And, He sent him off to the 42 house that was his, saying, "Neither enter into the village, nor tell anyone in the village 43."

JESUS QUESTIONS HIS DISCIPLES ABOUT HIS IDENTITY

27 And, the Jesus and the disciples that were His went out to the villages of Caesarea under the rule of the Philip⁴⁴.

And, on the road He was asking the disciples that were His, saying to them, "Who are the People saying that I am?"

28 Now, the disciples responded⁴⁵,

- " 'John the Baptist.' And others,
- 'Elijah.' Now, still others,
- 'One of the Prophets."

29 And, He, for His part, says to them⁴⁶, "Now, you, for your parts, who are you saying that I am?"

Now, 47 responding, the Peter says to Him, "You, for Your part, are the Anointed One!48

30 And, He strictly warned them in order that they might not speak to anyone about Him.

Commented [MK1]:

^{39 98%} of the Greek manuscripts, including the best line of transmission (f35), have 'made him to look up' here instead of 'stared with eyes wide open'.

^{40 75%} of the Greek manuscripts, including the best line of transmission (f35), have 'he was restored' (a passive aorist verb) here. On the basis of 1% the NU has 'He restored' (an active aorist verb).

41 53% of the Greek manuscripts, including the best line of transmission (f35),

^{&#}x27;looked at' here, 45% have 'looked up at', and 1% has 'was looking at', which reading the NU accepts.

42 70% of the Greek manuscripts, including the best line of transmission (f35),

include the definite article 'the' here.

⁴³ 97.3% of the Greek manuscripts, including the best line of transmission (f35), include 'nor tell anyone in the village' here.

^{44 &#}x27;Philip' – that is, Herod's brother, who ruled this area.

^{45 97%} of the Greek manuscripts, including the best line of transmission (f35), have 'responded' instead of 'said to Him, saying'.

^{46 99%} of the Greek manuscripts, including the best line of transmission (f35), have 'says to them' instead of 'asked them'.

⁴⁷ 98.5% of the Greek manuscripts, including the best line of transmission (f35), have 'Now,' here. On the basis of 1% the NU omits it.

^{48 &#}x27;Anointed One' is a translation of a Greek noun which is usually transliterated as 'Christ.' This word is one of many titles used in the Old Testament to refer to the savior of mankind that God had promised from the beginning. He was anointed to be a prophet, a priest, and a king.

31 Καὶ ἤρξατο διδάσκειν αὐτοὺς ὅτι δεῖ τὸν Υἰὸν τοῦ Ἀνθρώπου

πολλά παθεῖν καὶ

άποδοκιμασθῆναι **ἀπὸ**

τῶν Πρεσβυτέρων καὶ

τῶν Ἀρχιερέων καὶ

των Αρχιερεων και τῶν Γραμματέων καὶ

ἀποκτανθῆναι καὶ μετὰ τρεῖς ἡμέρας ἀναστῆναι.

32 Καὶ παρρησία τὸν λόγον ἐλάλει.

Καὶ προσλαβόμενος αὐτὸν ὁ Πέτρος ἤρξατο ἐπιτιμᾶν αὐτῶ.

 33 Ο δὲ ἐπιστραφεὶς καὶ ἰδὼν τοὺς μαθητὰς αὐτοῦ ἐπετίμησεν **τῷ**

Πέτρφ **λέγων** · Ύπαγε ὀπίσω μου, Σατανᾶ, ὅτι οὐ φρονεῖς τὰ τοῦ Θεοῦ. Αλλὰ τὰ τῶν Ανθρώπων.

³⁴ Καὶ προσκαλεσάμενος τὸν ὅχλον σὺν τοῖς μαθηταῖς αὐτοῦ εἶπεν αὐτοῖς· Ὅστις θέλει ὀπίσω μου ἀκολουθεῖν,

ἀπαρνησάσθω έαυτὸν καὶ ἀράτω τὸν σταυρὸν αὐτοῦ καὶ ἀκολουθείτω μοι.

JESUS FORETELLS HIS OWN DEATH AND RESURRECTION

 $\it 31$ And, He began to teach them that it was necessary for the Son of the Man –

- > to suffer many things, and
- > to suffer rejection from⁴⁹
 - the Elders, and
 - the⁵⁰ Chief Priests, and
 - the⁵¹ Scribes, and
- > to be killed, and
- > after three days to rise up.

32 And, He was speaking the Word FRANKLY.

And, taking Him aside to himself, he – *that is*, the Peter⁵² – began to rebuke Him.

33 Now, the *Jesus*, having turned around and, having seen the disciples *that were* His, rebuked the⁵³ Peter, saying⁵⁴, "Go behind Me, Satan! Because, you are not thinking the things of the God. Rather, *you are thinking* the things of the People."

JESUS EXPLAINS THE COST OF FOLLOWING HIM

34 And, having called the throng to *Himself* together with the disciples *that were* His, He said to them, "Let anyone who⁵⁵ wants to be following after Me:

- > disown himself, and
- > take up the cross that is his, and
- > keep on following Me.

 35 For, who might ever 56 want to save the psyche 57 that is his will lose it. Now, whoever loses the psyche that is His on account of Me and the Excellent Announcement, this one^{58} shall save it.

 ^{49 90%} of the Greek manuscripts, including the best line of transmission (f35), have 'from' here instead of 'by'.
 50 70% of the Greek manuscripts including the best line of transmission (f35),

⁵⁰ 70% of the Greek manuscripts, including the best line of transmission (f35), include the definite article 'the' here.

 ^{80%} of the Greek manuscripts, including the best line of transmission (f35), include the definite article 'the' here.
 99% of the Greek manuscripts, including the best line of transmission (f35),

have 'he – the Peter' here instead of 'the Peter, he'.

53 99.5% of the Greek manuscripts, including the best line of transmission (f35),

^{33 99.5%} of the Greek manuscripts, including the best line of transmission (f35), have the definite article 'the' before Peter's name here. Based on 0.5% the NU excludes it.

⁵⁴ 99% of the Greek manuscripts, including the best line of transmission (f35), have the participle 'saying' here instead of 'and, He says'.

 ^{55 95%} of the Greek manuscripts, including the best line of transmission (f35), have 'anyone who' here instead of 'if anyone'
 56 95% of the Greek manuscripts, including the best line of transmission (f35),

have who might ever here instead of who, if ever he might'

7 'psyche' – a transliteration of the Greek word, meaning the inner, immaterial

part of one's being which gives life, thinks, decides, and feels.

58 90% of the Greek manuscripts, including the best line of transmission (f35), include the demonstrative pronoun 'this one' here.

- ³⁶ τί γὰρ ἀφελήσει ἄνθρωπον ἐὰν κερδήση τὸν Κόσμον ὅλον καὶ ζημιωθῆ τὴν ψυχὴν αὐτοῦ;
- ³⁷ "Η τί δώσει ἄνθρωπος ἀντάλλαγμα τῆς ψυχῆς αὐτοῦ;
- 38 °Oς γὰρ ἐὰν ἐπαισχυνθῆ με καὶ τοὺς ἐμοὺς Λόγους ἐν τῆ γενεᾳ ταύτη τῆ μοιχαλίδι καὶ ἀμαρτωλῷ, καὶ ὁ Υίὸς τοῦ Ἀνθρώπου ἐπαισχυνθήσεται αὐτὸν ὅταν ἔλθη ἐν τῆ Δόξη τοῦ Πατρὸς αὐτοῦ μετὰ τῶν ἀγγέλων τῶν ἀγίων.
- 36 For, what shall it profit⁵⁹ a person, if ever he might gain the whole *Created* Order⁶⁰ and he might suffer the loss of⁶¹ the psyche *that is* His?
- 37 Or, what might a person give 62 in exchange for the psyche $\it that$ $\it is$ His?
- 38 For, who, if ever he might be ashamed of Me and the Words *that are* MINE in the generation *namely*, this *one*, the adulterous and morally failing *generation*, also the Son of the Man shall be ashamed of him, whenever He might come in the Glory of the Father *that is* His with the *heavenly* messengers⁶³ *namely*, the holy *ones*."

⁵⁹ 99% of the Greek manuscripts, including the best line of transmission (f35), have 'shall it profit' here instead of 'is it profiting'.

^{60 98%} of the Greek manuscripts, including the best line of transmission (f35), have 'if ever he might gain the whole Created Order instead of 'to gain the whole Created Order'.

Created Order'.

61 99.5% of the Greek manuscripts, including the best line of transmission (f35), have 'he might suffer the loss of' here instead of 'to suffer the loss of', which the NU prefers.

^{62 98.5%} of the Greek manuscripts, including the best line of transmission (f35), have 'Or, what might a person give' here instead of 'For, what might a person give'.

give'.

63 'heavenly messengers' – the meaning of the Greek noun which is generally translated and transliterated as 'angels'. Such messenger may be divine, human, or even demonic.