## KATA MAT@AION 20 f35

### MATTHEW 20 NLET

#### JESUS TELLS A PARABLE

TO HELP HIS DISCIPLES UNDERSTAND HIS EXTRAORDINARY KINDNESS

- 1 For, the Kingdom of the Heavens is comparable to a man that is, a master of a household who went out at once early in the day to hire husbandmen in regard to the vineyard that was his.
- 2 And, having harmonized<sup>6</sup> with the workers for a denarius *for* the day, he dispatched them to the vineyard *that was* his.
- 3 And, having gone out about the third hour<sup>7</sup>, he saw others, having lastingly stood in the marketplace idle<sup>8</sup>. 4 And, to those he said, 'You, *for your parts*, also go on into the vineyard. And, I shall give to you whatever, if it might be just.'

Now, the people went off.

- 5 <sup>9</sup> Again, having gone out around *the* sixth and ninth hours, he did in like manner.
- 6 Now, about the eleventh hour<sup>10</sup>, having gone out, he found others lastingly standing idle<sup>11</sup>. And, he says to them, 'Why have you lastingly stood here *the* whole *of* the day idle!?'

7 They say to him, 'Because no one has hired us.'

He says to them, 'Go on also you, *for your parts*, into the vineyard. And, whatever, if ever it might be just, you shall receive.<sup>12</sup>

8 Now, when it came to be late *in the day*, the lord of the vineyard says to the steward *that was* his, 'Call the husbandmen; and, render the wage that is due to them, beginning with the last *ones hired* until the first *ones hired*.'

- <sup>1</sup> Όμοία γάρ ἐστιν ἡ Βασιλεία τῶν Οὐρανῶν ἀνθρώπῳ οἰκοδεσπότῃ ὅστις ἐξῆλθεν ἄμα πρωῒ μισθώσασθαι ἐργάτας εἰς τὸν ἀμπελῶνα αὐτοῦ.
- <sup>2</sup> Καὶ συμφωνήσας<sup>1</sup> μετὰ τῶν ἐργατῶν ἐκ δηναρίου τὴν ἡμέραν ἀπέστειλεν αὐτοὺς εἰς τὸν ἀμπελῶνα αὐτοῦ.
- <sup>3</sup> Καὶ ἐξελθὼν περὶ τρίτην ὅραν εἶδεν ἄλλους ἑστῶτας ἐν τῆ ἀγορῷ ἀργούς. <sup>4</sup> Καὶ ἐκείνοις εἶπεν· Ὑπάγετε καὶ ὑμεῖς εἰς τὸν ἀμπελῶνα. Καὶ ὃ ἐὰν ἦ δίκαιον δώσω ὑμῖν.

Οἱ δὲ ἀπῆλθον.

- <sup>5</sup>Πάλιν <sup>2</sup> έξελθών περὶ ἕκτην καὶ ἐνάτην ὅραν ἐποίησεν ὡσαύτως.
- 6 Περὶ δὲ τὴν ἑνδεκάτην ἄραν<sup>3</sup> ἐξελθὼν εὖρεν ἄλλους ἐστῶτας ἀργούς<sup>4</sup>. Καὶ λέγει αὐτοῖς· Τί ὧδε ἑστήκατε ὅλην τὴν ἡμέραν ἀργοί;
- <sup>7</sup> Λέγουσιν αὐτῷ· Ότι οὐδεὶς ἡμᾶς ἐμισθώσατο.

Λέγει αὐτοῖς· Ύπάγετε καὶ ὑμεῖς εἰς τὸν ἀμπελῶνα. Καὶ ὁ ἐὰν ἦ δίκαιον λήψεσθε.<sup>5</sup>

<sup>8</sup> ὀψίας δὲ γενομένης λέγει ὁ κύριος τοῦ ἀμπελῶνος τῷ ἐπιτρόπῳ αὐτοῦ· Κάλεσον τοὺς ἐργάτας καὶ ἀπόδος αὐτοῖς τὸν μισθὸν, ἀρξάμενος ἀπὸ τῶν ἐσχάτων ἕως τῶν πρώτων.

 $<sup>^1</sup>$  85% of the Greek manuscripts, including the best line of transmission (f35), have Kαὶ συμφωνήσας here instead of συμφωνήσας δὲ.

 $<sup>^2</sup>$  99% of the Greek manuscripts, including the best line of transmission (f35), do not include the conjunction  $\delta \hat{\epsilon}$  here.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> 99.5% of the Greek manuscripts, including the best line of transmission (f35), include ὥραν here.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> 99% of the Greek manuscripts, including the best line of transmission (f35), include ἀργούς here.

 $<sup>^5</sup>$  99% of the Greek manuscripts, including the best line of transmission (f35), include the sentence  $K\alpha$ i  $\delta$  ἐὰν  $\tilde{\eta}$  δίκαιον λήψεσθε here. On the basis of three manuscripts (x, B and D) the NU omits it.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup> 85% of the Greek manuscripts, including the best line of transmission (f35), have 'And, having harmonized' here instead of 'Now, having harmonized'.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>7</sup> 'the third hour' – The Romans began their day at 6:00 a.m.; so, this would be 9:00 a.m..

 $<sup>^8</sup>$  'idle' – The Greek word ἀργούς would be literally translated 'not working the ground'.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>9</sup> 99% of the Greek manuscripts, including the best line of transmission (f35), do not include the conjunction 'Now,' here.

 $<sup>^{\</sup>rm 10}$  99.5% of the Greek manuscripts, including the best line of transmission (f35), include 'hour' here.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>11</sup> 99% of the Greek manuscripts, including the best line of transmission (f35), include 'idle' here.

<sup>12 99%</sup> of the Greek manuscripts, including the best line of transmission (f35), include the sentence 'And, what, if ever it might be just, you shall receive.' here. On the basis of three manuscripts (κ, B and D) the NU omits it.

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- <sup>9</sup> Καὶ ἐλθόντες οἱ περὶ τὴν ἑνδεκάτην ὥραν **ἔλαβον ἀνὰ δηνάριον.**
- 10 Έλθόντες δὲ<sup>13</sup> οἱ πρῶτοι ἐνόμισαν ὅτι **πλεῖονα**<sup>14</sup> **λήψονται**<sup>15</sup>. Καὶ ἔλαβον **καὶ** αὐτοὶ ἀνὰ δηνάριον 16.
- <sup>11</sup> Λαβόντες δὲ ἐγόγγυζον κατὰ τοῦ οἰκοδεσπότου 12 λέγοντες ὅτι 17. Οὖτοι οἱ ἔσχατοι μίαν ὥραν ἐποίησαν, καὶ ἴσους **ἡμῖν** αὐτοὺς 18 ἐποίησας τοῖς βαστάσασι τὸ βάρος τῆς ἡμέρας καὶ τὸν καύσωνα.
- 13 Ὁ δὲ ἀποκριθεὶς **εἶπεν ἑνὶ** αὐτῶν 19. Έταῖρε, οὐκ ἀδικῶ σε. Οὐχὶ δηναρίου συνεφώνησάς μοι; 14 Άρον τὸ σὸν καὶ ὕπαγε·

Θέλω δὲ τούτω τῷ ἐσχάτω δοῦναι ὡς καὶ

 $^{15}$ " $H^{20}$  οὐκ ἔξεστίν μοι **ποιῆσαι δ θέλω** $^{21}$  ἐν τοῖς ἐμοῖς; Εί<sup>22</sup> ὁ ὀφθαλμός σου πονηρός έστιν ὅτι ἐγὰ ἀγαθός εἰμι;

<sup>16</sup> Οὕτως ἔσονται οἱ ἔσχατοι πρῶτοι καὶ οἱ πρῶτοι ἔσχατοι.

# Πολλοί γὰρ εἰσιν κλητοί, ὀλίγοι δὲ ἐκλεκτοί.<sup>23</sup>

13 97.5% of the Greek manuscripts, including the best line of transmission (f35), have Ἐλθόντες δὲ here instead of Kαὶ ἐλθόντες.

On the basis of two manuscripts (x and D) the NU has ένὶ αὐτῶν εἶπεν.

- 9 And, having come, the ones hired about the eleventh hour each received a denarius.
- 10 Now, having come,24 the first ones hired reckoned that they shall receive more. And, they, for their part, also each received a denarius.
- 11 Now, having received it, they were grumbling against the master of the household, 12 saying, 25 'These – that is, the last ones hired - did one hour; and, you have made these equal to us, the ones who have borne the burden of the day and the heat!'
- 13 Now, the master of the household, responding, said to one of them<sup>26</sup>, 'Comrade, I am not wronging you. Did you not harmonize with me for a denarius? 14 Take the money that is yours; and, go.

Now, I want to give to this one – that is, the last one hired – as also to you.

15 Or, 27 is it not permissible for me to do what I wish28 with the things that are mine? Is it that29 the eye that is yours is wicked because I, for my part, am morally good?'

16 In this way the last ones shall be first ones. And, the first ones shall be last ones.

For, many are called ones; but, few are chosen ones.30"

line of transmission (f35), include the sentence πολλοί γὰρ εἰσιν κλητοί ὀλίγοι δὲ ἐκλεκτοί here. On the basis of two manuscripts (κ and B) the NU omits the entire sentence.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>14</sup> 97% of the Greek manuscripts, including the best line of transmission (f35), have the spelling  $\pi\lambda\epsilon\tilde{i}ov\alpha$ here instead of  $\pi \lambda \epsilon \tilde{\imath} o v$ .

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>15</sup> 99% of the Greek manuscripts, including the best line of transmission (f35), have the spelling λήψονται here instead of λήμψονται.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>16</sup> 99% of the Greek manuscripts, including the best line of transmission (f35), have καὶ αὐτοὶ ἀνὰ δηνάριον here instead of τὸ ἀνὰ δηνάριον καὶ αὐτοί. 17 99.5% of the Greek manuscripts, including the best line of transmission (f35), include the quotation marker ὄτι here which often need not be translated because quotation marks in English accomplish the same thing. <sup>18</sup> ἡμῖν αὐτοὺς – Inexplicably the NU reverses the

order of these words. 19 97.5% of the Greek manuscripts, including the best line of transmission (f35), have εἶπεν ἑνὶ αὐτῶν here.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>20</sup> 99.5% of the Greek manuscripts, including the best line of transmission (f35), include the conjunction "H

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>21</sup> 97% of the Greek manuscripts, including the best line of transmission (f35), have ποιῆσαι ὃ θέλω here instead of  $\partial$   $\theta \dot{\epsilon} \lambda \omega$   $\pi o i \tilde{\eta} \sigma \alpha i$ .

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>22</sup> 85% of the Greek manuscripts, including the best line of transmission (f35), have Ei here instead of  $\hat{\eta}$ . <sup>23</sup> 98.5% of the Greek manuscripts, including the best

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>24</sup> 97.5% of the Greek manuscripts, including the best line of transmission (f35), have 'Now, having come,' here instead of 'And, having come'.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>25</sup> 99.5% of the Greek manuscripts, including the best line of transmission (f35), include a quotation marker here (ὅτι) here which often need not be translated because quotation marks in English accomplish the same thing.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>26</sup> 97.5% of the Greek manuscripts, including the best line of transmission (f35), have 'said to one of them' here. On the basis of two manuscripts (x and D) the NU has 'to one of them said'.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>27</sup> 99.5% of the Greek manuscripts, including the best line of transmission (f35), include the conjunction 'Or,' here.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>28</sup> 97.5% of the Greek manuscripts, including the best line of transmission (f35), have 'to do what I wish' here instead of 'what I wish to do'.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>29</sup> 85% of the Greek manuscripts, including the best line of transmission (f35), have 'Is it that' here instead of 'Or,'.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>30</sup> 98.5% of the Greek manuscripts, including the best line of transmission (f35), include the sentence 'For, many are called ones; but, few are chosen ones.' here. On the basis of two manuscripts (x and B) the NU omits the entire sentence.

<sup>17</sup> Καὶ ἀναβαίνων ὁ Ἰησοῦς εἰς Ἱεροσόλυμα παρέλαβεν τοὺς Δώδεκα Μαθητὰς κατ' ἰδίαν ἐν τῆ ὁδῷ. Καὶ<sup>31</sup> εἶπεν αὐτοῖς· <sup>18</sup> Ἰδοὺ. Ἀναβαίνομεν εἰς Ἱεροσόλυμα.

Kαì

ό Υίὸς τοῦ Ἀνθρώπου παραδοθήσεται τοῖς Ἀρχιερεῦσιν καὶ Γραμματεῦσιν. Καὶ κατακρινοῦσιν αὐτὸν θανάτῳ. <sup>19</sup> Καὶ παραδώσουσιν αὐτὸν τοῖς Ἔθνεσιν εἰς τὸ ἐμπαῖξαι καὶ μαστιγῶσαι καὶ σταυρῶσαι. Καὶ τῆ τρίτη ἡμέρᾳ ἀναστήσεται<sup>32</sup>.

20 Τότε προσῆλθεν αὐτῷ ἡ μήτηρ τῶν υίῶν Ζεβεδαίου μετὰ τῶν υίῶν αὐτῆς προσκυνοῦσα καὶ αἰτοῦσά τι παρ'³³ αὐτοῦ.
21 Ὁ δὲ εἶπεν αὐτῆ· Τί θέλεις; Λέγει αὐτῷ· Εἰπὲ ἴνα καθίσωσιν οὖτοι οἱ δύο υἰοί μου εἶς ἐκ δεξιῶν σου καὶ εἶς ἐξ εὐωνύμων σου ἐν τῆ Βασιλείᾳ σου.
22 Ἀποκριθεὶς δὲ ὁ Ἰησοῦς εἶπεν· Οὐκ οἴδατε τί αἰτεῖσθε·

JESUS AGAIN PROPHESIES WHAT WILL HAPPEN TO HIM AT JERUSALEM

17 And, the Jesus, while going up toward Jerusalem, took the Twelve Disciples aside by themselves on the way. And,<sup>34</sup> He said to them, 18 "Look! We are going up toward Jerusalem!

#### And,

- the Son of the Man shall be handed over to the Chief Priests and to the Scribes. And,
- > they shall condemn Him to death. And,
- 19 they shall hand Him over to the Ethnicities in order
  - to mock, and,
  - · to scourge, and
  - to crucifiy Him. And,
- on the third day He shall raise Himself up<sup>35</sup>." JESUS RESPONDS TO A REQUEST FOR SPECIAL POSITIONS IN HIS KINGDOM

20 Then, the mother of the sons of Zebedee with the sons that were hers approached Him, prostrating herself before Him and asking something from<sup>36</sup> Him.

21 Now, the Jesus said to her, "What are you wishing?"

She says to Him, "Say that these – *that is, the* two sons *that are* mine – might sit, one to *the* right of You and one to *the* left of You, in the Kingdom *that is* Yours."

22 Now, responding, the Jesus said, "You *people* do not know what you are asking for yourselves.

 $<sup>^{31}</sup>$  97% of the Greek manuscripts, including the best line of transmission (f35), have  $\dot{\epsilon} v \tau \tilde{\eta} \dot{\delta} \delta \tilde{\omega}$ . Ka\(\text{h}\) here. On the basis of two manuscripts (\(\kappa\) and B) the NU has Ka\(\text{i}\)  $\dot{\epsilon} v \tau \tilde{\eta} \dot{\delta} \delta \tilde{\omega}$ .

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>32</sup> 99% of the Greek manuscripts, including the best line of transmission (f35), have ἀναστήσεται (a future middle voice verb of ἀνίστημι) here instead of ἐγερθήσεται (a future passive voice verb of ἐγείρω). <sup>33</sup> 99.5% of the Greek manuscripts, including the best line of transmission (f35), have the preposition  $\pi\alpha\rho$ ' here. On the basis of two manuscripts (B and D) the NU has ἀπ'.

 $<sup>^{34}</sup>$  97% of the Greek manuscripts, including the best line of transmission (f35), have 'on the road. And,...' here. On the basis of two manuscripts ( $\kappa$  and B) the NU has 'And, on the road...'.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>35</sup> 99% of the Greek manuscripts, including the best line of transmission (f35), have 'raise Himself up' here instead of 'He shall be raised'.

 $<sup>^{36}</sup>$  99.5% of the Greek manuscripts, including the best line of transmission (f35), have the Greek preposition  $\pi\alpha\rho$ ' here. On the basis of two manuscripts (B and D) the NU has  $\dot{\alpha}\pi$ '. Both can mean 'from'.

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Δύνασθε πιεῖν τὸ Ποτήριον ὃ ἐγὼ μέλλω πίνειν, ἢ<sup>37</sup> τὸ βάπτισμα ὃ ἐγὼ βαπτίζομαι βαπτισθῆναι;<sup>38</sup>

Λέγουσιν αὐτῷ· Δυνάμεθα.

<sup>23</sup> Καὶ λέγει αὐτοῖς· Τὸ μὲν ποτήριόν μου πίεσθε. Καὶ τὸ βάπτισμα ὁ ἐγὼ βαπτίζομαι βαπτισθήσεσθε.<sup>39</sup>

Τὸ δὲ καθίσαι ἐκ δεξιῶν μου καὶ ἐξ εὐωνύμων **μου**<sup>40</sup> οὐκ ἔστιν ἐμὸν <sup>41</sup> δοῦναι. Ἀλλ' οἶς ἡτοίμασται ὑπὸ τοῦ Πατρός μου.

<sup>24</sup> Καὶ ἀκούσαντες οἱ δέκα ἠγανάκτησαν περὶ τῶν δύο ἀδελφῶν.

25 Ὁ δὲ Ἰησοῦς προσκαλεσάμενος αὐτοὺς εἶπεν· Οἴδατε ὅτι οἱ ἄρχοντες τῶν ἐθνῶν κατακυριεύουσιν αὐτῶν καὶ οἱ μεγάλοι κατεξουσιάζουσιν αὐτῶν.

Are you able to drink 'the Cup' which I, for My part, am about to drink or<sup>42</sup> to be baptized with 'the Baptism' with which I, for My part, am being baptized<sup>43</sup>?"

They keep saying to Him, "We are able!"

23 And,<sup>44</sup> He says to them, "On the one hand, you shall drink for yourselves 'the Cup' *that is* Mine. And, you shall be baptized with 'the Baptism' with which I, *for My part*, am being baptized<sup>45</sup>.

On the other hand, the *privilege* to sit at the right *hand that is* Mine and at the left *hand that is* Mine<sup>46</sup> <sup>47</sup> is not Mine to give. Rather, *it is* for the ones *for whom* it has been lastingly prepared by the Father *that is* Mine."

JESUS RELATES HOW GREATNESS IS ACHIEVED IN HIS KINGDOM

24 And, having heard *these things*, the ten showed outward signs of displeasure concerning the two brothers.

25 Now, the Jesus, having summoned them, said, "You know that the ones who are ruling the ethnicities are exercising complete dominion over them and the mighty ones are exercising authority over them.

 $<sup>^{37}</sup>$  90% of the Greek manuscripts, including the best line of transmission (f35), have the conjunction  $\mathring{\eta}$  here. 9% have  $\kappa \alpha \grave{\imath}$ . On the basis of two manuscripts (B and D) the NU has no conjunction here.

 $<sup>^{38}</sup>$  99% of the Greek manuscripts, including the best line of transmission (f35), include the phrase τὸ βάπτισμα ὃ ἐγὼ βαπτίζομαι βαπτισθῆναι; here. On the basis of three manuscripts (κ, B, and D) the NU omits this infinitive phrase.

<sup>39 99%</sup> of the Greek manuscripts, including the best line of transmission (f35), include the clause καὶ τὸ βάπτισμα ὃ ἐγὼ βαπτίζομαι βαπτισθήσεσθε. here. On the basis of three manuscripts (κ, B, and D) the NU omits this clause.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>40</sup> 85% of the Greek manuscripts, including the best line of transmission (f35), include the possessive pronoun μου here.

 $<sup>^{41}</sup>$  97% of the Greek manuscripts, including the best line of transmission (f35), do not include the demonstrative pronoun  $\tau o \tilde{v} \tau o$  here.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>42</sup> 90% of the Greek manuscripts, including the best line of transmission (f35), have the conjunction 'or' here. 9% have 'and'. On the basis of two manuscripts (B and D) the NU has no conjunction here.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>43</sup> 99% of the Greek manuscripts, including the best line of transmission (f35), include the phrase 'to be baptized with the baptism with which I, for My part, am being baptized' here. On the basis of three manuscripts ( $\aleph$ , B, and D) the NU omits this infinitive phrase.

 $<sup>^{44}</sup>$  98% of the Greek manuscripts, including the best line of transmission (f35), include the conjunction 'And,' here. On the basis of three manuscripts ( $\aleph$ , B, and D) the NU omits it.

 $<sup>^{45}</sup>$  99% of the Greek manuscripts, including the best line of transmission (f35), include the phrase 'you shall be baptized with the baptism with which I, for My part, am being baptized' here. On the basis of three manuscripts ( $\aleph$ , B, and D) the NU omits this phrase.

 $<sup>^{46}\,</sup>$  85% of the Greek manuscripts, including the best line of transmission (f35), include the possessive pronoun translated as 'that is Mine' here.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>47</sup> 97% of the Greek manuscripts, including the best line of transmission (f35), do not include the demonstrative pronoun this' here.

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<sup>26</sup> Οὐχ οὕτως δέ<sup>48</sup> ἔσται <sup>49</sup> ὑμῖν. Ἀλλ' ος ἐὰν θέλη ἐν ὑμῖν μέγας γενέσθαι ἔσται ὑμῶν διάκονος, <sup>27</sup> καὶ ος ἐὰν<sup>50</sup> θέλη ἐν ὑμῖν εἶναι πρῶτος ἔσται ὑμῶν δοῦλος· <sup>28</sup> ὥσπερ ὁ Υἰὸς τοῦ Ἀνθρώπου οὐκ ἦλθεν διακονηθῆναι. Ἀλλὰ διακονῆσαι καὶ δοῦναι τὴν Ψυχὴν αὐτοῦ λύτρον ἀντὶ πολλῶν.

<sup>29</sup> Καὶ ἐκπορευομένων αὐτῶν ἀπὸ Ἰεριχὼ ἠκολούθησεν αὐτῷ ὄχλος πολύς.

<sup>30</sup> Καὶ ἰδοὺ. Δύο τυφλοὶ καθήμενοι παρὰ τὴν ὁδόν.

Ακούσαντες ὅτι Ἰησοῦς παράγει, ἔκραξαν λέγοντες· Ἐλέησον ἡμᾶς Κύριε, Υἰὸς Δαυίδ.

31 Ο δὲ ὄχλος ἐπετίμησεν αὐτοῖς ἵνα σιωπήσωσιν·

Οί δὲ μεῖζον **ἔκραζον**<sup>51</sup>

λέγοντες 'Ελέησον ἡμᾶς Κύριε Υίὸς Δαυίδ.

32 Καὶ στὰς ὁ Ἰησοῦς ἐφώνησεν αὐτοὺς. Καὶ εἶπεν· Τί θέλετε ποιήσω ὑμῖν;

 $^{33}$  Λέγουσιν αὐτῷ· Κύριε, ἵνα ἀνοιχθῶσιν $^{52}$  ἡμῶν οἱ ὀφθαλμοὶ $^{53}$ .

26 Now,<sup>54</sup> it shall NOT be this way <sup>55</sup> with respect to you. Rather, the one – who if ever he might want to become mighty among you – shall be YOUR servant 27 and the one – who if ever<sup>56</sup> he might want to be first among you – shall be YOUR slave; 28 just as the Son of the Man did not come to be served. Rather, *He came* to serve and to give the Psyche that is His as a ransom in the place of many."

JESUS, THE SON OF DAVID, HEALS TWO BLIND MEN

29 And, while they were going out from Jericho, a throng – *that is*, a large *one* – followed Him.

30 And, look! Two blind men, sitting alongside the road!

Having heard, "Jesus is passing by!", they shouted, saying, "Have mercy on us, Lord<sup>57</sup>, Son of David!"

31 Now, the throng rebuked them, that they should be quiet.

Now, the *blind men*, all the more, were shouting<sup>58</sup>, "Have mercy on us, Lord, son of David!"

- 32 And, having stood *still*, the Jesus called them. And, He said, "What do you want *that* I might do for you?"
- 33 They say to Him, "Lord, that the eyes *that are* OURS<sup>59</sup> might be opened."

 $<sup>^{48}</sup>$  85% of the Greek manuscripts, including the best line of transmission (f35), include the conjunction  $\delta \acute{\epsilon}$  here

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>49</sup> 20% of the Greek manuscripts, including the best line of transmission (f35), do not include the preposition ἐν here.

<sup>50 99%</sup> of the Greek manuscripts, including the best line of transmission (f35), have ἐὰν here instead of ἀν.
51 98% of the Greek manuscripts, including the best line of transmission (f35), have ἕκραζον here instead of ἔκραζαν.

 $<sup>^{52}</sup>$  97% of the Greek manuscripts, including the best line of transmission (f35), have the spelling ἀνοιχθῶσιν here instead of ἀνοιγῶσιν.

 $<sup>^{53}</sup>$  99% of the Greek manuscripts, including the best line of transmission (f35), have ἡμῶν οἱ ὀφθαλμοὶ here instead of οἱ ὀφθαλμοὶ ἡμῶν here.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>54</sup> 85% of the Greek manuscripts, including the best line of transmission (f35), include the conjunction 'Now,' here.

 $<sup>^{55}</sup>$  20% of the Greek manuscripts, including the best line of transmission (f35), do not include a preposition ( $\dot{\varepsilon}v$ ) here. The words 'with respect to' are implied by the dative pronoun here.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>56</sup> 99% of the Greek manuscripts, including the best line of transmission (f35), have 'if ever' here instead of 'ever'.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>57</sup> 98% of the Greek manuscripts, including the best line of transmission (f35), have the word order 'Have mercy on us, Lord!' here instead of 'Lord, have mercy on us!'.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>58</sup> 98% of the Greek manuscripts, including the best line of transmission (f35), have 'were shouting' (an imperfect verb) here instead of 'shouted' (an aorist verb).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>59</sup> 99% of the Greek manuscripts, including the best line of transmission (f35), have 'the eyes that are OURS' here instead of 'the eyes that are ours'. In Greek the emphasis on 'OURS' is actually accomplished by placing the possessive pronoun before 'the eyes'.

<sup>34</sup> Σπλαγχνισθεὶς δὲ ὁ Ἰησοῦς ἥψατο τῶν ὀφθαλμῶν<sup>60</sup> αὐτῶν. Καὶ εὐθέως ἀνέβλεψαν αὐτῶν οἱ ὀφθαλμοί<sup>61</sup>. Καὶ ἠκολούθησαν αὐτῶ.

34 Now, having been moved deeply inside, the Jesus touched the eyes 62 that were theirs. And, immediately the eyes that were THEIRS 63 saw again.

And, they followed Him.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>60</sup> 99% of the Greek manuscripts, including the best line of transmission (f35), have  $\dot{o}\phi\theta\alpha\lambda\mu\tilde{\omega}\nu$  (the common word for 'eyes) here instead of  $\dot{o}\mu\mu\dot{\alpha}\tau\omega\nu$  (an unusual, poetic word for 'eyes').

<sup>61 99%</sup> of the Greek manuscripts, including the best line of transmission (f35), include the noun phrase αὐτῶν οἱ ὀφθαλμοί here.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>62</sup> 99% of the Greek manuscripts, including the best line of transmission (f35), have the common word for 'eyes here instead of an unusual, poetic word for 'eyes'.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>63</sup> 98% of the Greek manuscripts, including the best line of transmission (f35), include the subject 'the eyes that were THEIRS' here. Without this subject the verb implies that the subject would be 'they'. Again the possessive pronoun is placed forward for emphasis.